



Let's put Intarsio on a pedestal!



Let's Put Intarsio on A Pedestall

By Chris Watkins

No this is not a quote from Frederick Rhead, nor a proposal for the Club when organising exhibitions, but a wander through some of the largest shapes of Intarsio, travelling with cranes and geese.

My introduction to this area was 35 years ago: not long before the book and exhibition were launched. I was driving through a part of North London when my eyes were wrenched into the window of an antique shop I had never seen before. In the middle of the window was an Intarsio stickstand with cranes flying into the sun (pattern number 3155). I went in and bought it for £120, to celebrate the fact that I had recently become a full-time employee! I immediately took it to the Geffrye Museum, where we were working on the exhibition layout. My co-author Harvey said "Wonderful what they could do with sewage pipes"! (you can see that comment has stuck). We made a dais for it right at the entrance, and it stopped some visitors in their tracks.



(Umbrella stands deserve their own arlicle) "Shelley Pottery an exhibition of ceramics by a Staffordshire family of potters at various works, 1774-1966" Geffrye Museum, London, 21 November 1980 -25 January 1981, followed by Bristol, Edinburgh and Stoke-on Trent.

"Wonderful what they could do with sewage pipes"!

That effect on my eyes was not the first with Intarsio pieces. I was originally a devotee of art deco bone china Shelley, and still remember wandering round an antiques Market in Alexandra Palace in 1976: my eye was strongly drawn to something I had no knowledge of so had to turn over - to find the Wileman backstamp - Intarsio tryg pattern number 3626. Thank you Walter Slater.

But the attraction of large Intarsio items such as stick stands, pedestals and so on is not the size - it's the movement. The sweeping shape of jardiniere 3103 is more than complemented by the action of the swirling panels of flowers. And the challenge of placing this on a pedestal is amply achieved by pedestal 3119.

The next pedestals we know of had the simple cylindrical shape (3155, 3156, 3166), but here the movement is created by the pattern: cranes flying up to and in front of sun, above water lilies, a design which had been registered in 1898 (RD no 330299) but only used in a very different way (vase with a brown background 3056) before this. The animal theme continued to make the movement: geese walking towards the left (RD no 330400, pedestal 3191) and hares in all directions on a new small pedestal (3192, which I've only seen in the pattern book) which was also done with the geese pattern (3194).

There are not clear records of how many such pieces were produced, or for how long, but the number coming up for sale over recent decades has been few.

Towards the end of Frederick Rhead's patterns in Intarsio, some different colourways were tried: *3224/5* was In greens like the 3103 had been in blues: 3226 used the cranes like the 3156 and is described in the pattern book as "in greens". Can anyone shed any light?

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